

Guidelines for Risk Monitoring for Delayed Onset Hearing Loss

Class A: Risk indicators **Class B: Risk indicators** *In-utero infections (congenital CMV) *Culture Positive postnatal infection (Bacterial and viral meningitis) *Family history of childhood hearing *Syndromes associated with loss progressive or delayed onset hearing *In-Utero Infection (Herpes, Rubella, loss (Neurofibromatosis, Syphilis, Toxoplasmosis) Osteopetrosis, Usher Syndrome, *NICU stay of greater than 5 days Townes-Brock) *Any amount of ototoxic exposure *Syndromes associated with hearing (aminoglycosides) loss (Down syndrome and Sticklers) *Any amount of mechanical *Cleft Lip/Palate ventilation *ECMO assisted ventilation *Craniofacial anomalies involving *Head Trauma involving basal pinna, ear canal, ear pits and skull/temporal fracture that requires temporal bone anomalies hospitalization *Chemotherapy treatments *Neurodegenerative disorders or sensory motor neuropathies *Hyperbilirubinemia requiring If baby passes the newborn hearing exchange transfusion screening & has one or more CLASS B risk indicators = **Recommendation for diagnostic** pediatric hearing evaluation If baby passes the newborn hearing by 1 year of age. screening & has one or more CLASS A risk indicators = **Recommendation for diagnostic ABR** evaluation with pediatric audiologists by 3 months of age.

NOTE: If baby REFERS on the newborn hearing screening after two attempts – Recommendation for Diagnostic ABR evaluation to be completed by 3 months of age (JCIH 2007)

* Any parental/caregiver hearing concerns warrants a referral to a pediatric audiologist.
** Infants readmitted to the hospital within the first 30 days of life should be re-screened if any risk indicators are present.

References:

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Van Riper, Lori A.; Kileny, Paul R. ABR Hearing Screening for High-Risk Infants. American Journal of Otology. 20(4):516-521, July 1999.